

ESTIMATIVA A PRIORI DE ERROS DE TRUNCAMENTO

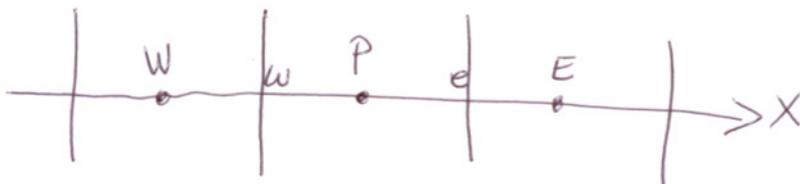
• DIFERENÇAS FINITAS: EXPANSÃO DA SÉRIE DE TAYLOR A PARTIR DO NÓ GENÉRICO P

• VOLUMES FINITOS: EXPANSÃO DA SÉRIE DE TAYLOR A PARTIR DE CADA FACE DO VOLUME DE CONTROLE GENÉRICO P, PARA TERMOS ADVECTIVOS E DIFUSIVOS.

$$\Lambda_x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \Lambda_{x_0}^{(n)} \frac{(x-x_0)^n}{n!} \quad \text{SÉRIE DE TAYLOR}$$

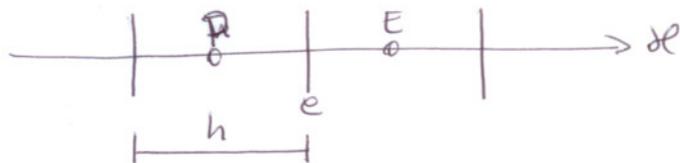
* TERMOS DIFUSIVOS: APROXIMAR-SE Λ'_e e Λ'_w

* TERMOS ADVECTIVOS: APROXIMAR-SE Λ_e e Λ_w



UDS / A PRIORI / ADVENÇÃO

14 Nov 07



UDS: $\lambda_e = \cancel{\lambda_p} \lambda_p$ (aproximado)

$$\lambda_p = \lambda_e - \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - \dots$$

$$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e) = \lambda_e - \lambda_e$$

$$\lambda_e = \lambda_p + \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} - \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} - \dots \quad (\text{esato})$$

$$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e) = \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} - \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} - \dots$$

$$p_v = 1, 2, 3, \dots \rightarrow p_2 = 1$$

CDS: $\lambda_e = \frac{(\lambda_P + \lambda_E)}{2}$ [ADVECCÃO]

$$\lambda_P = \lambda_e - \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{3840} + \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} - \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{645120}$$

$$+ \lambda_E = \lambda_e + \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{3840} + \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{645120}$$

$$\lambda_e = \frac{(\lambda_P + \lambda_E)}{2} - \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} - \dots$$

$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e) = \lambda_e - \lambda_e$

Vale 1/0 $\mathcal{E}[(T(1/2))_{m\u00e9dia}]$

$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e) = -\lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} - \dots$

ADVECCÃO

$p_V = 2, 4, 6, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 2$

SIMMEC/2000

CDS: $\lambda_e' = \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h}$ [DIFUSÃO]

Das s\u00e9ries de Taylor,

$$\lambda_E - \lambda_P = \lambda_e' h + \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{24} + \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{1920} + \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{322560} + \dots$$

ou $\lambda_e' = \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h} - \lambda_e''' \frac{h^2}{24} - \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^4}{1920} - \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^6}{322560} - \dots$

$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e') = \lambda_e' - \lambda_e'$

$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e') = -\lambda_e''' \frac{h^2}{24} - \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^4}{1920} - \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^6}{322560} - \dots$

DIFUSÃO

$p_V = 2, 4, 6, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 2$

SIMMEC/2000

ESQUEMA UDS-2:
$$\phi_e = \phi_p + \frac{(\phi_p - \phi_w)}{2} = \frac{3}{2}\phi_p - \frac{1}{2}\phi_w \quad (14)$$

de (1):

$$\phi_w = \phi_e - \frac{d\phi}{dx}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x}{2} + \frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2}\bigg|_e \frac{9\Delta x^2}{8} - \frac{d^3\phi}{dx^3}\bigg|_e \frac{27\Delta x^3}{48} + \frac{d^4\phi}{dx^4}\bigg|_e \frac{81\Delta x^4}{384} + H \quad (15)$$

Multiplicando (15) por $(-1/2)$:

$$-\frac{\phi_w}{2} = -\frac{\phi_e}{2} + \frac{d\phi}{dx}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x}{4} - \frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2}\bigg|_e \frac{9\Delta x^2}{16} + \frac{d^3\phi}{dx^3}\bigg|_e \frac{27\Delta x^3}{96} - \frac{d^4\phi}{dx^4}\bigg|_e \frac{81\Delta x^4}{768} + H \quad (16)$$

Multiplicando (8) por $\frac{3}{2}$:

$$\frac{3}{2}\phi_p = \frac{3}{2}\phi_e - \frac{d\phi}{dx}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x}{4} + \frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x^2}{16} - \frac{d^3\phi}{dx^3}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x^3}{96} + \frac{d^4\phi}{dx^4}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x^4}{768} + H \quad (17)$$

Somando (16) com (17):

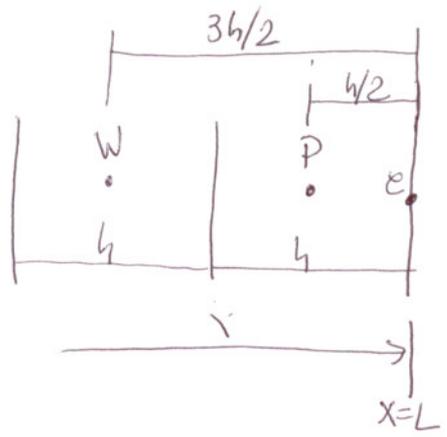
$$\frac{3}{2}\phi_p - \frac{\phi_w}{2} = \phi_e - \frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x^2}{8} + \frac{d^3\phi}{dx^3}\bigg|_e \frac{\Delta x^3}{4} - \frac{d^4\phi}{dx^4}\bigg|_e \frac{13\Delta x^4}{128} + H$$

ou

$$\phi_e = \frac{3}{2}\phi_p - \frac{1}{2}\phi_w + \underbrace{\frac{d^2\phi}{dx^2}\bigg|_e \frac{3\Delta x^2}{8} - \frac{d^3\phi}{dx^3}\bigg|_e \frac{\Delta x^3}{4} + \frac{d^4\phi}{dx^4}\bigg|_e \frac{13\Delta x^4}{128}}_e + H \quad (18)$$

Comparando (14) com (18):

e



$$T_e' \Big|_{x=L}$$

$$T_p = T_e - T_e' \frac{h}{2} + T_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - T_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - T_e^v \frac{h^5}{3840}$$

x-g

$$\begin{cases} T_w = T_e - T_e' \frac{3h}{2} + T_e'' \frac{9h^2}{8} - T_e''' \frac{27h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{81h^4}{384} - T_e^v \frac{243h^5}{3840} \\ -9T_p = -9T_e + T_e' \frac{9h}{2} - T_e'' \frac{9h^2}{8} + T_e''' \frac{9h^3}{48} - T_e^{iv} \frac{9h^4}{384} + T_e^v \frac{9h^5}{3840} \end{cases}$$

$$T_w - 9T_p = -8T_e + 3T_e' h + 0 - T_e''' \frac{18h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{72h^4}{384} - T_e^v \frac{234h^5}{3840}$$

$$T_e' = \frac{(8T_e + T_w - 9T_p)}{3h} + T_e''' \frac{6h^2}{48} - T_e^{iv} \frac{24h^3}{384} + T_e^v \frac{76h^4}{3840}$$

UDS-2

Para $h \rightarrow 0$:

$$\alpha \Rightarrow \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{(Pe h)^2}{10 + 2(Pe h)^2} \right] \Rightarrow \alpha \rightarrow 0 \text{ (CDS) na Advecção}$$

$$\beta = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{1 + 0,005 (Pe h)^2}{1 + 0,05 (Pe h)^2} \right] \Rightarrow \beta \rightarrow 1 \text{ (CDS) na Difusão}$$

$$\forall h, Pe, \text{ WUDS} \rightarrow \lambda_e = \underbrace{(1/2 + \alpha_e)}_{C_P} \Lambda_P + \underbrace{(1/2 - \alpha_e)}_{C_E} \Lambda_E \text{ [ADVECÇÃO]}$$

Da dedução do CDS:

$$C_P \Lambda_P = C_P \Lambda_e - C_P \Lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + C_P \Lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - C_P \Lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + C_P \Lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - C_P \Lambda_e^v \frac{h^5}{3840} + C_P \Lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} - \dots$$

$$C_E \Lambda_E = C_E \Lambda_e + C_E \Lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + C_E \Lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + C_E \Lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + C_E \Lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + C_E \Lambda_e^v \frac{h^5}{3840} + C_E \Lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + \dots$$

$$C_P \Lambda_P + C_E \Lambda_E = \underbrace{(C_P + C_E)}_1 \Lambda_e + \underbrace{(C_E - C_P)}_{-2\alpha_e} \Lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + \underbrace{(C_P + C_E)}_1 \Lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \underbrace{(C_E - C_P)}_{-2\alpha_e} \Lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + \underbrace{(C_P + C_E)}_1 \Lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + \underbrace{(C_E - C_P)}_{-2\alpha_e} \Lambda_e^v \frac{h^5}{3840}$$

$$C_P + C_E = \frac{1}{2} + \alpha_e + \frac{1}{2} - \alpha_e = 1$$

$$C_E - C_P = \frac{1}{2} - \alpha_e - \frac{1}{2} + \alpha_e = -2\alpha_e$$

$$+ \underbrace{(C_E + C_P)}_1 \Lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + \dots$$

$$\lambda_e = C_P \Lambda_P + C_E \Lambda_E + \alpha_e \Lambda_e' h - \Lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \alpha_e \Lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{24} - \Lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + \alpha_e \Lambda_e^v \frac{h^5}{1920} - \Lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + \dots$$

$$\varepsilon(\lambda_e) = \lambda_e - \lambda_e$$

$$\varepsilon(\lambda_e) = +\alpha_e \Lambda_e' h - \Lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \alpha_e \Lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{24} - \Lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + \alpha_e \Lambda_e^v \frac{h^5}{1920} - \Lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + \dots$$

$$p_V = 1, 2, 3, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 1 \text{ para } \alpha \neq 0$$

ADVECÇÃO

$$p_V = 2, 4, 6, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 2 \text{ para } \alpha = 0, \text{ que é o caso do WUDS para } h \rightarrow 0$$

$\forall h, \beta_e$, WUDS $\rightarrow \lambda'_e = \beta_e \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h}$

[DIFUSÃO]

Da dedução do CDS,

~~$\lambda_E - \lambda_P \approx \beta_e \lambda_P \times (-\Delta_e)$ e $\lambda_P \times (\Delta_e)$~~

~~$\beta_e (\lambda_E - \lambda_P) \approx \beta_e \lambda'_e h$~~

~~$-\beta_e \lambda_P = -\beta_e \lambda_E + \beta_e \lambda'_e \frac{h}{2} - \beta_e \lambda''_e \frac{h^2}{8} + \beta_e \lambda'''_e \frac{h^3}{48} - \beta_e \lambda^{(iv)}_e \frac{h^4}{384} + \beta_e \lambda^{(v)}_e \frac{h^5}{3840} - \beta_e \lambda^{(vi)}_e \frac{h^6}{46080} + \dots$ OK~~

~~$\beta_e \lambda_E = \beta_e \lambda_P + \beta_e \lambda'_e \frac{h}{2} + \beta_e \lambda''_e \frac{h^2}{8} + \beta_e \lambda'''_e \frac{h^3}{48} + \beta_e \lambda^{(iv)}_e \frac{h^4}{384} + \beta_e \lambda^{(v)}_e \frac{h^5}{3840} + \beta_e \lambda^{(vi)}_e \frac{h^6}{46080} + \dots$ OK~~

~~$\beta_e (\lambda_E - \lambda_P) = \beta_e \lambda'_e h + \beta_e \lambda'''_e \frac{h^3}{24} + \beta_e \lambda^{(v)}_e \frac{h^5}{1920} + \beta_e \lambda^{(vii)}_e \frac{h^7}{322560} + \dots$ OK~~

~~substitua $\lambda_E - \lambda_P$ por $\lambda'_e = \beta_e (\lambda_E - \lambda_P)$~~

$\lambda'_e = \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h} - \lambda'''_e \frac{h^2}{24} - \lambda^{(v)}_e \frac{h^4}{1920} - \lambda^{(vii)}_e \frac{h^6}{322560} - \dots \equiv \text{CDS puro}$

$\varepsilon(\lambda'_e) = \lambda'_e - \lambda'_e$

$\varepsilon(\lambda'_e) = \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h} - \beta_e \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h} - \dots$

$\varepsilon(\lambda'_e) = (1 - \beta_e) \frac{(\lambda_E - \lambda_P)}{h} - \lambda'''_e \frac{h^2}{24} - \lambda^{(v)}_e \frac{h^4}{1920} - \lambda^{(vii)}_e \frac{h^6}{322560} - \dots$

DIFUSÃO

$p_V = -1, 2, 4, 6, \dots \rightarrow p_L = -1$ para $\beta \neq 1$

$p_V = 2, 4, 6, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 2$ para $\beta = 1$, que é o caso do WUDS para $h \rightarrow 0$

$$\text{swick: } \lambda_e = \frac{6}{8} \lambda_p + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_E - \frac{1}{8} \lambda_w$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \lambda_p = \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e - \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{3840} + \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} - \frac{6}{8} \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{645120} + \dots$$

$$\frac{3}{8} \lambda_E = \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e' \frac{h}{2} + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{3840} + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{645120} + \dots$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \lambda_w = -\frac{1}{8} \lambda_e + \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e' \frac{3h}{2} - \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e'' \frac{9h^2}{8} + \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e''' \frac{27h^3}{48} - \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{81h^4}{384} + \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e^{v} \frac{243h^5}{3840} - \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{729h^6}{46080} + \frac{1}{8} \lambda_e^{vii} \frac{2187h^7}{645120} - \dots$$

$$\frac{6}{8} \lambda_p + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_E - \frac{1}{8} \lambda_w = \lambda_e + \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{16} - \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{3h^4}{128} + \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{128} - \lambda_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{512} + \dots$$

ou

$$\lambda_e = \frac{6}{8} \lambda_p + \frac{3}{8} \lambda_E - \frac{1}{8} \lambda_w - \lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{16} + \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{3h^4}{128} - \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{128} + \dots$$

$$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e) = \lambda_e - \lambda_e$$

$$\mathcal{E}(\lambda_e) = -\lambda_e''' \frac{h^3}{16} + \lambda_e^{iv} \frac{3h^4}{128} - \lambda_e^{v} \frac{h^5}{128} + \dots$$

ADVECCÃO

$$p_v = 3, 4, 5, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 3$$

CDS-4 PARA T_e $\left| \begin{array}{cccc} w & w & p & e \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{array} \right| \begin{array}{c} e \\ \epsilon \\ \epsilon\epsilon \end{array}$ 30 set 10

$$T_p = T_e - T_e' \frac{h}{2} + T_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} - T_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} - T_e^v \frac{h^5}{3840} + T_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} - T_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{645120} + T_e^{viii} \frac{h^8}{10.321.920} - T_e^{ix} \frac{h^9}{185.794.560} + \dots \quad \left. \vphantom{T_p} \right\} \times (-27)$$

$$T_e = T_e + T_e' \frac{h}{2} + T_e'' \frac{h^2}{8} + T_e''' \frac{h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{h^4}{384} + T_e^v \frac{h^5}{3840} + T_e^{vi} \frac{h^6}{46080} + T_e^{vii} \frac{h^7}{645120} + T_e^{viii} \frac{h^8}{10.321.920} + T_e^{ix} \frac{h^9}{185.794.560} + \dots \quad \left. \vphantom{T_e} \right\} \times (27)$$

$$T_w = T_e - T_e' \frac{3h}{2} + T_e'' \frac{9h^2}{8} - T_e''' \frac{27h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{81h^4}{384} - T_e^v \frac{243h^5}{3840} + T_e^{vi} \frac{729h^6}{46080} - T_e^{vii} \frac{2187h^7}{645120} + T_e^{viii} \frac{6561h^8}{10.321.920} - T_e^{ix} \frac{19683h^9}{185.794.560} + \dots \quad \left. \vphantom{T_w} \right\} \times 1$$

$$T_{ee} = T_e + T_e' \frac{3h}{2} + T_e'' \frac{9h^2}{8} + T_e''' \frac{27h^3}{48} + T_e^{iv} \frac{81h^4}{384} + T_e^v \frac{243h^5}{3840} + T_e^{vi} \frac{729h^6}{46080} + T_e^{vii} \frac{2187h^7}{645120} + T_e^{viii} \frac{6561h^8}{10.321.920} + T_e^{ix} \frac{19683h^9}{185.794.560} \quad \left. \vphantom{T_{ee}} \right\} \times (-1)$$

$$-27T_p + 27T_e + T_w - T_{ee} = 24T_e' h - \frac{9}{80} T_e^v h^5 - \frac{15}{2240} T_e^{vii} h^7 - \frac{91}{430080} T_e^{ix} h^9 - \dots$$

ou

$$T_e' = \frac{(27T_e + T_w - 27T_p - T_{ee})}{24h} + \frac{3T_e^v h^4}{640} + \frac{15T_e^{vii} h^6}{3584} + \frac{91T_e^{ix} h^8}{10321920} + \dots$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{15em}}_{\text{APROXIMAÇÃO}} \quad \underbrace{\hspace{15em}}_{\epsilon}$

$$p_v = 4, 6, 8, \dots \rightarrow p_L = 4$$