

RESPOSTAS DOS EXERCÍCIOS PROPOSTOS

CAPÍTULO 2

CINEMÁTICA DO CORPO RÍGIDO

2.1:	<p>a) $\vec{v}_A = 0,10\vec{i}$ [m/s]; $\vec{v}_B = -0,10\vec{i} + 0,20\vec{j}$ [m/s];</p> <p>b) $\vec{a}_A = 0,20\vec{i} - 0,20\vec{j}$ [m/s²]; $\vec{a}_B = 0,20\vec{i} + 0,60\vec{j}$ [m/s²]</p>
2.3:	<p>a) $\vec{v}_B = -18,0\vec{i}$ [m/s]; $\vec{a}_B = -90,0\vec{i}$ [m/s²];</p> <p>b) $\vec{\omega} = -400\vec{k}$ [rad/s]; $\vec{\alpha} = -2000\vec{k}$ [rad/s²];</p> <p>c) $\vec{v}_P = 18\vec{j}$ [m/s]; $\vec{a}_P = 7200\vec{i} + 90\vec{j}$ [m/s²]</p>
2.4:	$x_B = x_P = r \operatorname{sen} \theta$; $v_B = v_P^x = \omega r \cos \theta$; $a_B = a_P^x = \alpha r \cos \theta - \omega^2 r \operatorname{sen} \theta$
2.6:	a) $\vec{v}_B = -0,45\vec{i}$ [m/s]; b) $\vec{a}_B = -1,80\vec{i} - 2,25\vec{j}$ [m/s ²]
2.7:	$\omega = \frac{r/s}{\sqrt{s^2 - r^2}} v_B$
2.8:	$\omega_{AB} = \frac{v_B}{\sqrt{L^2 - s^2}} = \frac{0,4}{\sqrt{L^2 - s^2}}$; $\dot{\omega}_{AB} = \frac{v_B^2 s}{(L^2 - s^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{0,16 s}{(L^2 - s^2)^{3/2}}$
2.9:	a) $v_B = \ \vec{v}_B\ = 8,94$ m/s; b) $v_B = 8,94$ m/s
2.10:	a) $\vec{a}_B = -304,0\vec{i} - 32,0\vec{j}$ [m/s ²]; b) $\vec{a}_C = 160,0\vec{j}$ [m/s ²]
2.11:	a) $\vec{\omega}_B = -14,450\vec{k}$ [rad/s]; b) $\vec{\omega}_C = 10,04\vec{k}$ [rad/s]
2.12:	a) $\vec{\omega}_B = -14,450\vec{k}$ [rad/s]; b) $\vec{\omega}_C = 10,04\vec{k}$ [rad/s]
2.13:	a) $\vec{\omega}_C = 6,283\vec{k}$ [rad/s]; b) $\ \vec{v}_P\ = 1,777$ [m/s]
2.14:	a) $\omega_C = 6,283$ rad/s; b) $v_P = 1,177$ m/s
2.15:	a) $\vec{a}_C = 80\vec{k}$ [rad/s ²]; b) $\vec{a}_P = -23,019\vec{i} - 30,038\vec{j}$ [m/s ²]
2.16:	a) $\omega_{haste} = \frac{\omega}{4}$; b) $\omega_B = \omega_C = \omega_D = \frac{\omega}{2}$
2.17:	<p>a) $\vec{\omega}_{BD} = \vec{0}$; $\vec{\omega}_{DE} = -1,2\vec{k}$ [rad/s]</p> <p>b) $\vec{v}_B = -0,450\vec{i}$ [m/s]; $\vec{v}_D = -0,450\vec{i}$ [m/s]</p>

2.18:	<p>a) $\vec{\omega}_{BD} = \vec{0}$; $\omega_{DE} = 1,125 \text{ rad/s}$ (sentido horário) b) $v_B = 0,450 \text{ m/s}$ (para a esquerda); $v_D = 0,450 \text{ m/s}$ (para a esquerda)</p>
2.19:	<p>a) $\vec{\alpha}_{BD} = 6,187 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s}^2\text{]}$; $\vec{\alpha}_{DE} = 14,789 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s}^2\text{]}$ b) $\vec{a}_B = 3,75 \vec{i} - 1,35 \vec{j} \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$; $\vec{a}_D = 5,916 \vec{i} + 0,506 \vec{j} \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$</p>
2.20:	<p>a) $\vec{\omega}_{AB} = -1,470 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s]}$ (sentido horário); $\vec{\omega}_{BC} = -0,621 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s]}$ (sentido horário); b) $\vec{v}_M = 0,110 \vec{i} \text{ [m/s]}$; $\vec{v}_N = 0,201 \vec{i} - 0,052 \vec{j} \text{ [m/s]}$</p>
2.21:	<p>a) $\vec{\alpha}_{AB} = 13,312 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s}^2\text{]}$; $\vec{\alpha}_{BC} = 3,722 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s}^2\text{]}$ b) $\vec{a}_M = -0,998 \vec{i} - 0,162 \vec{j} \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$; $\vec{a}_N = -1,913 \vec{i} + 0,002 \vec{j} \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$</p>
2.22:	<p>a) $\omega_{BD} = 44,88 \text{ rad/s}$ (sentido horário); b) $v_P = 8,976 \text{ m/s}$ (para a esquerda)</p>
2.25:	<p>a) $\vec{\omega}_D = -20,0 \vec{j} - 25,0 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s]}$; b) $\vec{\alpha}_D = -500,0 \vec{i} - 10,0 \vec{j} - 15,0 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s}^2\text{]}$; c) $\vec{v}_P _{OXYZ} = 3,5 \vec{i} \text{ [m/s]}$; d) $\vec{a}_P _{OXYZ} = 2,0 \vec{i} - 112,5 \vec{j} + 20,0 \vec{k} \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$</p>
2.26:	<p>a) $\vec{\omega}_D = -\omega_2 \vec{i} - \omega_1 \vec{j}$; b) $\vec{\alpha}_D = -\alpha_2 \vec{i} - \omega_1 \omega_2 \vec{k}$; c) $\vec{v}_P _{OXYZ} = (r + b_2) \omega_1 \vec{i} - r \omega_2 \vec{j} + b_1 \omega_1 \vec{k}$; d) $\vec{a}_P _{OXYZ} = -b_1 \omega_1^2 \vec{i} - r \alpha_2 \vec{j} + [(r + b_2) \omega_1^2 + r \omega_2^2] \vec{k}$</p>
2.27:	<p>a) $\vec{\omega}_D = 10,0 \vec{j} + 5,0 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s]}$; b) $\vec{\alpha}_D = 50,0 \vec{i} \text{ [rad/s]}$; c) $\vec{v}_B _{OXYZ} = 3,0 \vec{j} - 6,0 \vec{k} \text{ [m/s]}$; d) $\vec{a}_B _{OXYZ} = -75,0 \vec{i} \text{ [m/s}^2\text{]}$</p>
2.28:	<p>a) $\vec{v}_B = -5,00 \vec{k} \text{ [m/s]}$; b) $\vec{\omega}_{AB} = 7,35 \vec{i} - 4,41 \vec{j} - 7,35 \vec{k} \text{ [rad/s]}$</p>
2.29:	<p>$\vec{v}_D = b \omega_1 \vec{i} + r(\omega_1 + \omega_2) \vec{k}$; $\vec{a}_D = [b \dot{\omega}_1 - r(\omega_1 + \omega_2)^2] \vec{i} + [b \omega_1^2 + r(\dot{\omega}_1 + \dot{\omega}_2)] \vec{k}$</p>
2.30:	<p>$\{v_P\}_{OXY} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} v_0 + \dot{\theta}_1 \ell_1 \cos \theta_1 + (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2) \ell_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \ell_1 \sin \theta_1 + (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2) \ell_2 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) \end{array} \right\}$; $\{a_P\}_{OXY} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_0 + \ddot{\theta}_1 \ell_1 \cos \theta_1 - \dot{\theta}_1^2 \ell_1 \sin \theta_1 \\ \ddot{\theta}_1 \ell_1 \sin \theta_1 + \dot{\theta}_1^2 \ell_1 \cos \theta_1 \end{array} \right\} +$ $+ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\ddot{\theta}_1 + \ddot{\theta}_2) \ell_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) - (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2)^2 \ell_2 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) \\ (\ddot{\theta}_1 + \ddot{\theta}_2) \ell_2 \sin(\theta_1 + \theta_2) + (\dot{\theta}_1 + \dot{\theta}_2)^2 \ell_2 \cos(\theta_1 + \theta_2) \end{array} \right\}$</p>