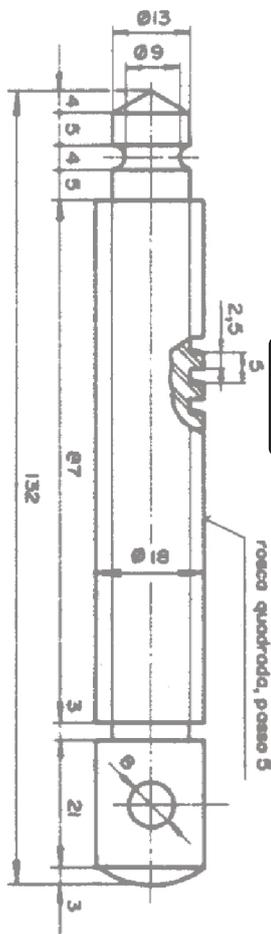
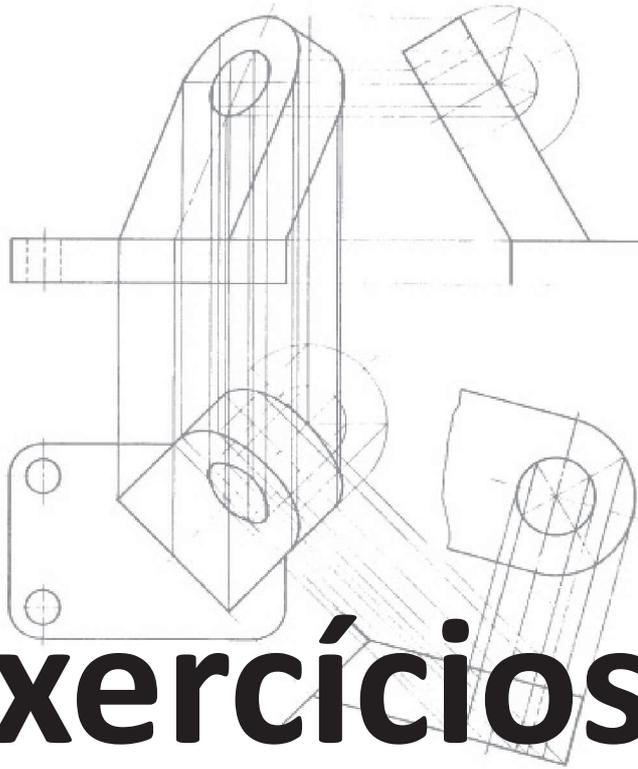
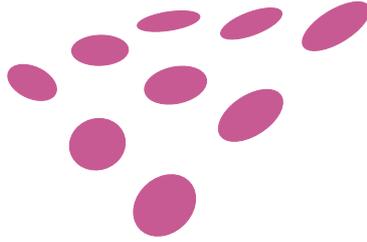
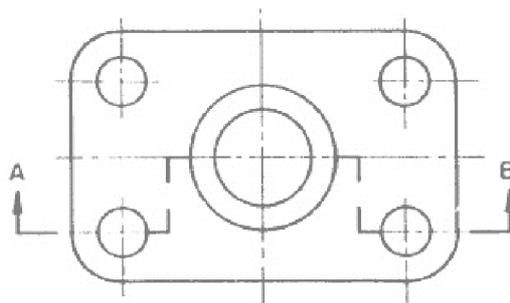
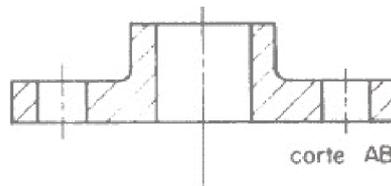
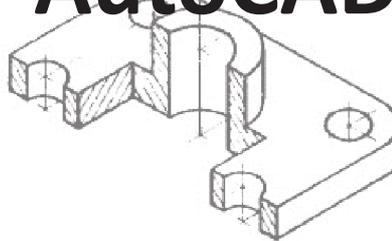


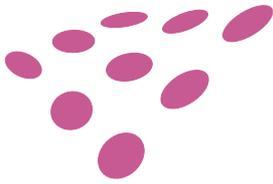
Desenho Mecânico
Auxiliado por Computador
(TMEC 097)



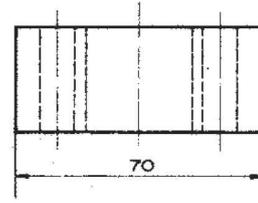
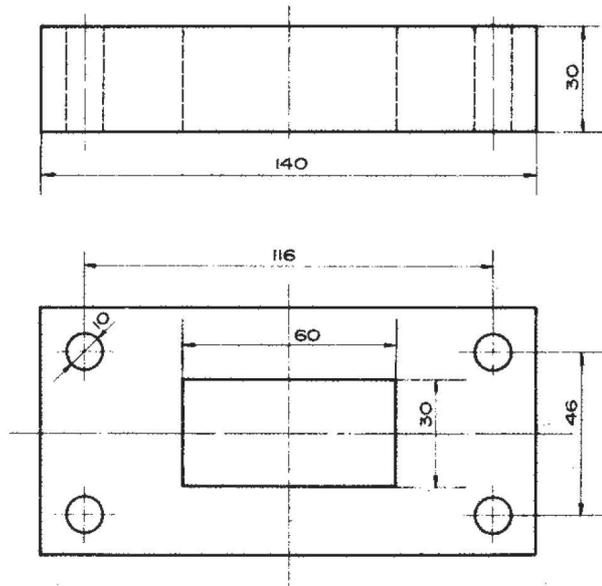
Exercícios

AutoCAD

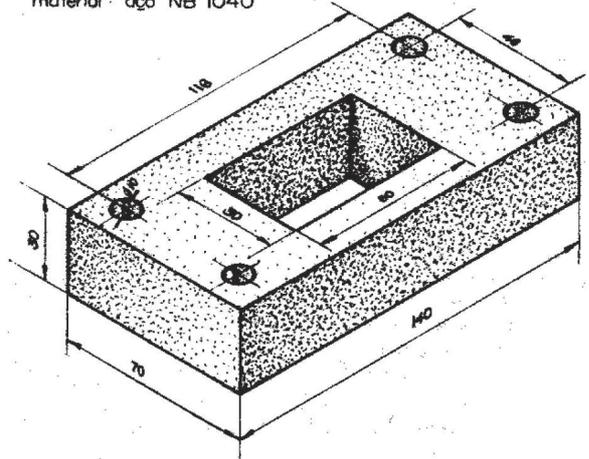




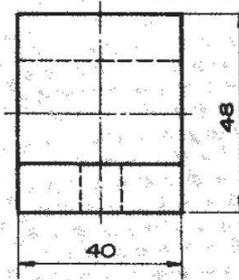
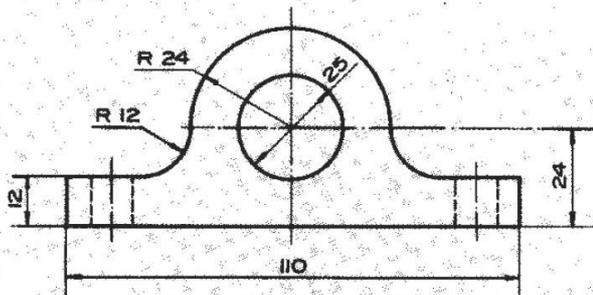
Bloco de guia



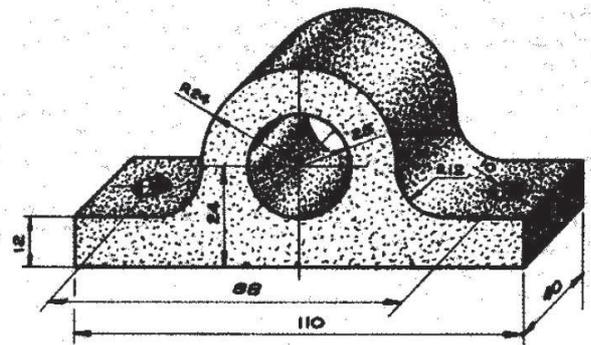
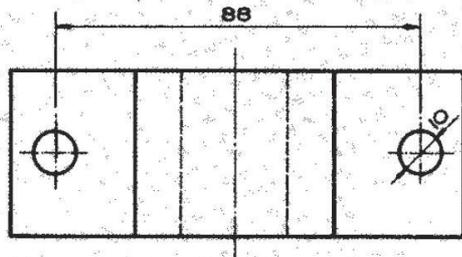
bloco de guia
material: aço NB 1040

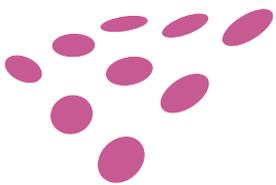


Mancal

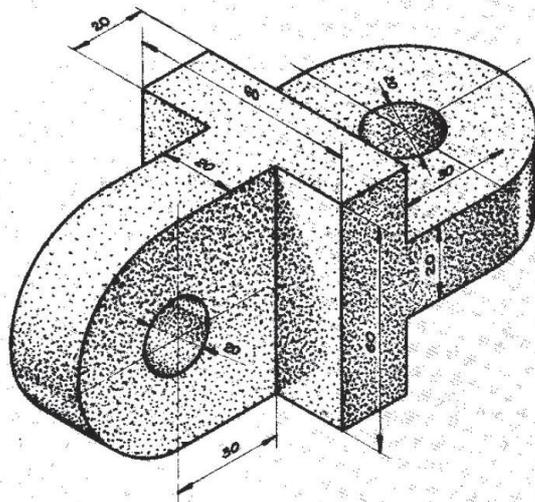
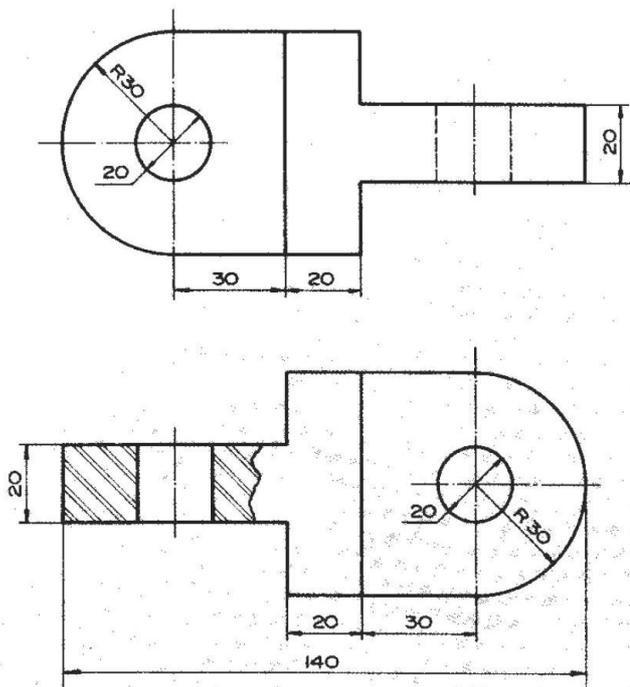


MATERIAL: FERRO FUNDIDO



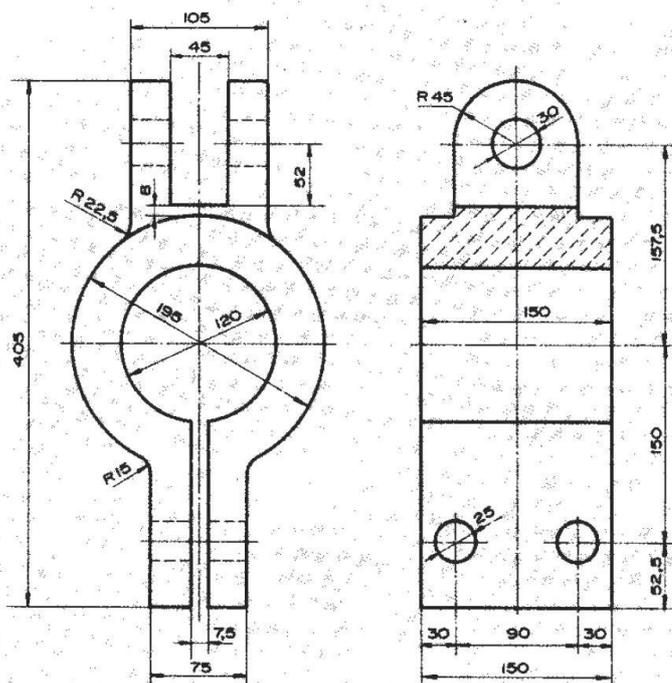


Tirante em cruz

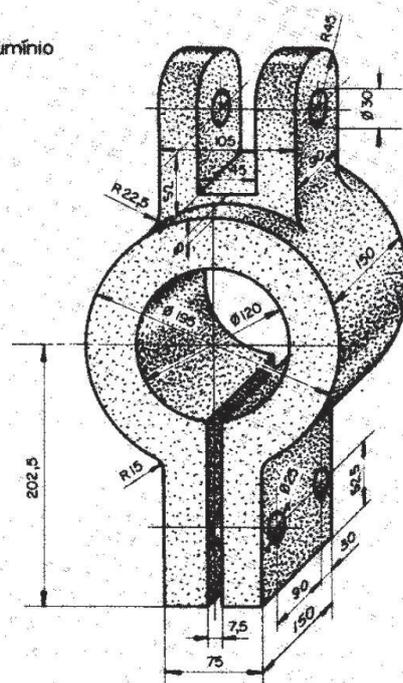


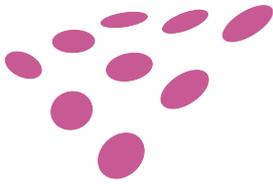
tirante em cruz
material: ferro forjado

Braçadeira



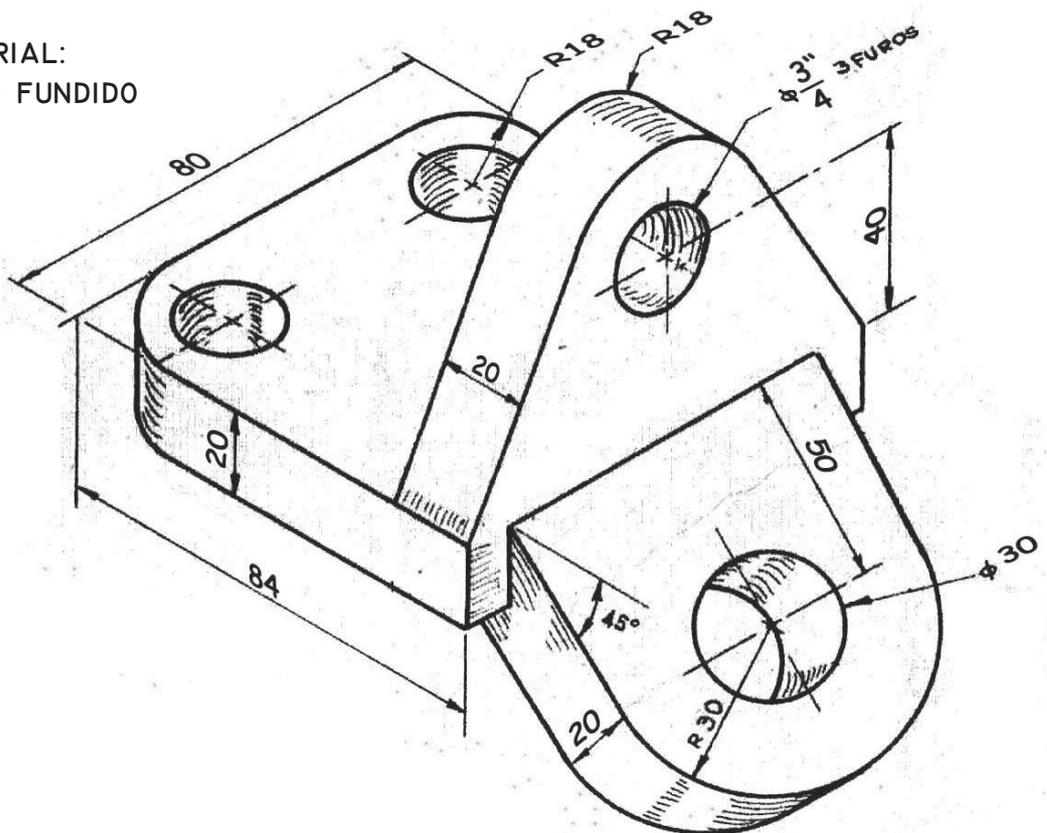
braçadeira
material: alumínio





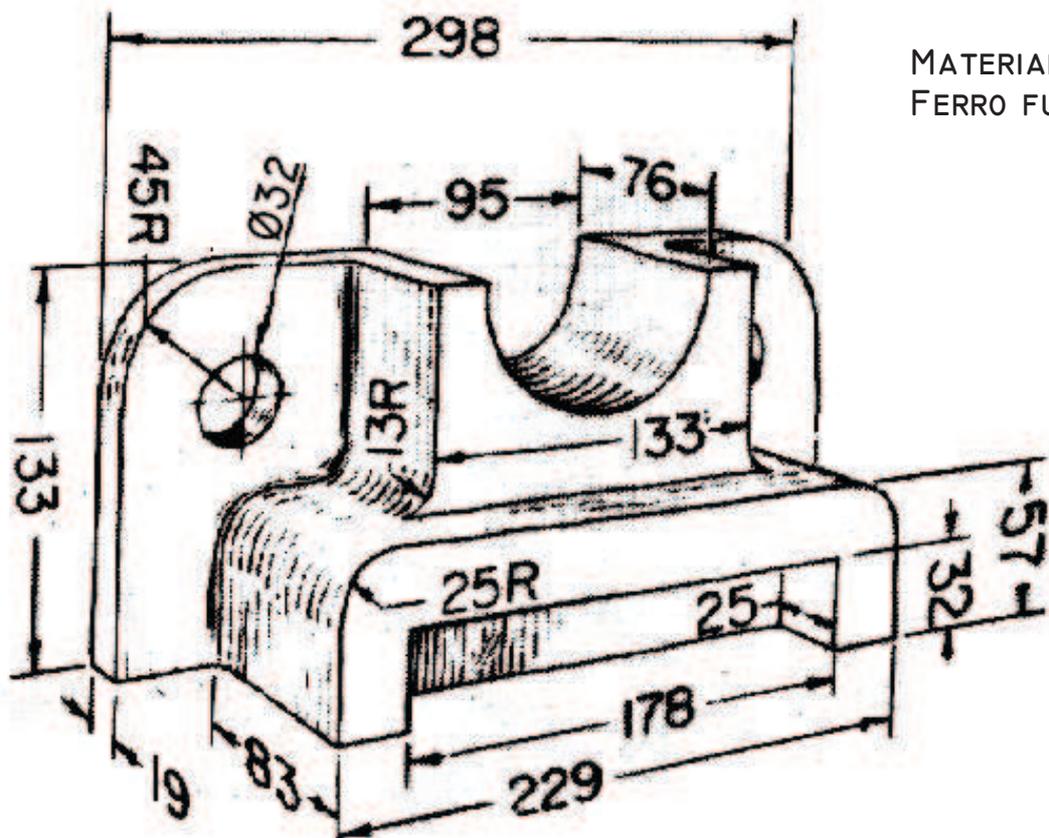
Ligação angular

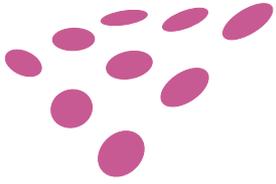
MATERIAL:
FERRO FUNDIDO



Mancal

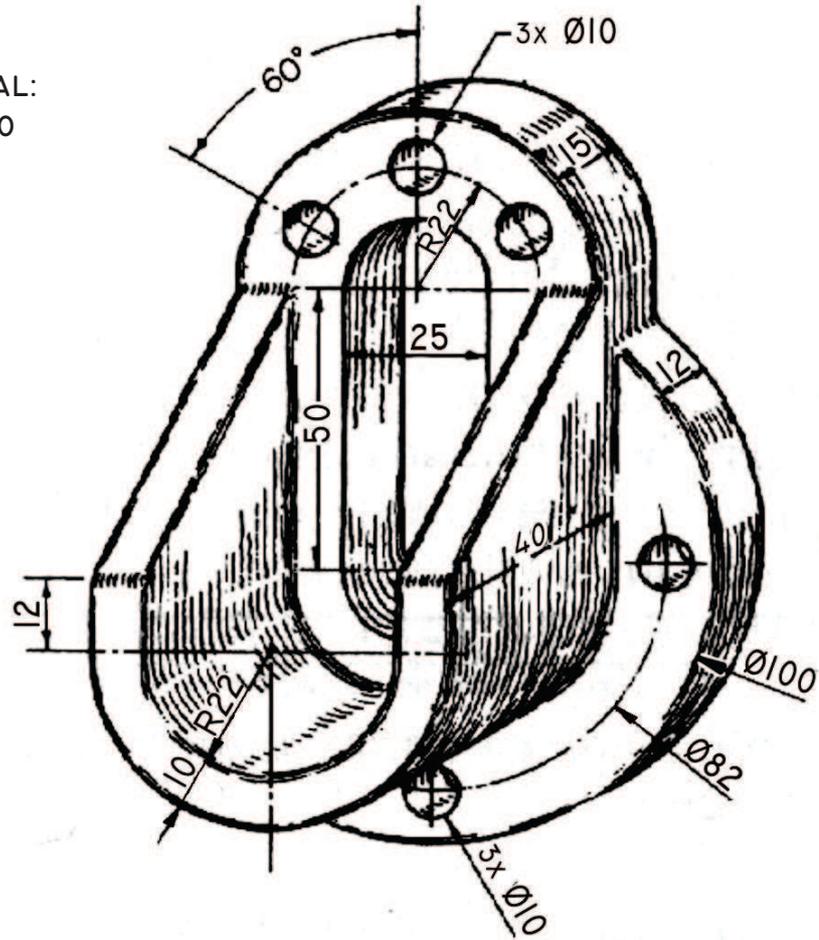
MATERIAL:
FERRO FUNDIDO





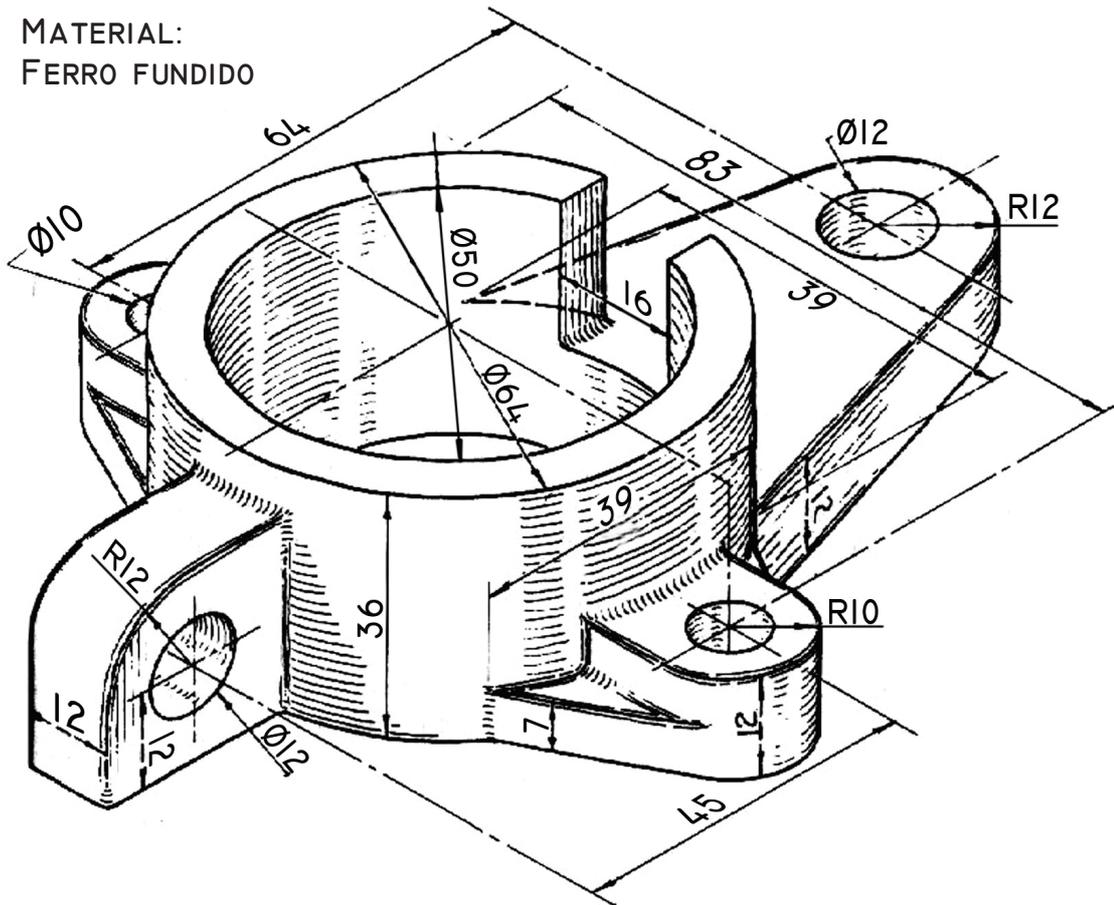
Suporte terminal

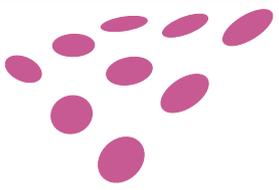
MATERIAL:
ALUMÍNIO



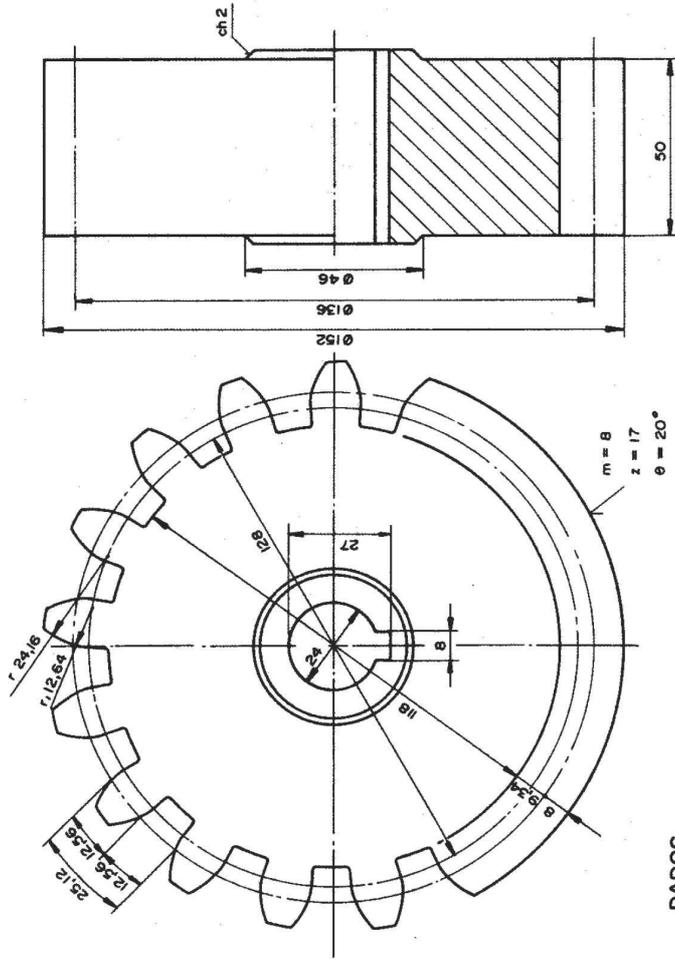
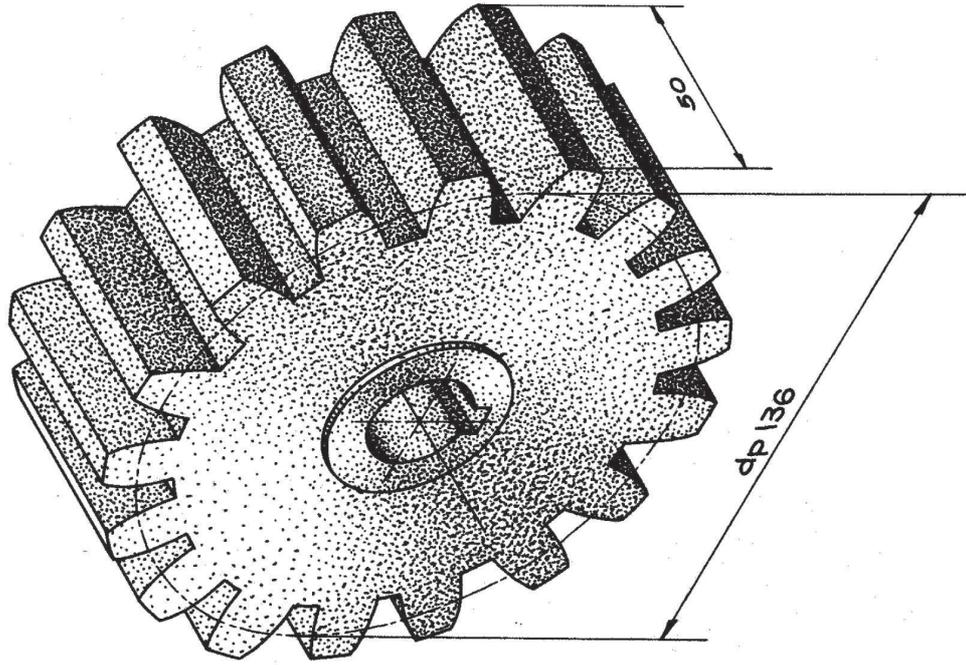
Aro de coluna

MATERIAL:
FERRO FUNDIDO





ENGRENAGENS CILÍNDRICAS DE DENTES RETOS



DADOS

módulo $m = 8$ número de dentes $z = 17$

CÁLCULOS PARA O DESENHO

diâmetro primitivo $dp = mz = 136$

passo $P = m\pi = 25,12$

cabeça do dente $a = m = 8$

pé do dente $b = 1,67m = 9,336 \approx 9,34$

espessura $s = v_0 v = P/2 = 12,56$

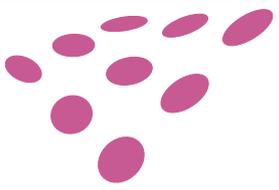
ângulo de pressão $\theta = 14^\circ 30' - 15^\circ - 20^\circ - 22^\circ 30' \therefore \theta = 20^\circ$

diâmetro de base $db = dp \cos \theta = 128$

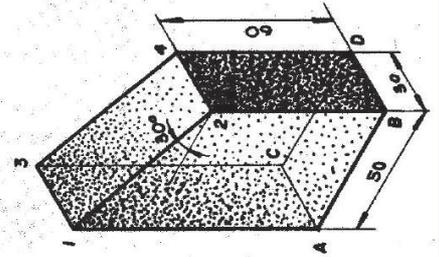
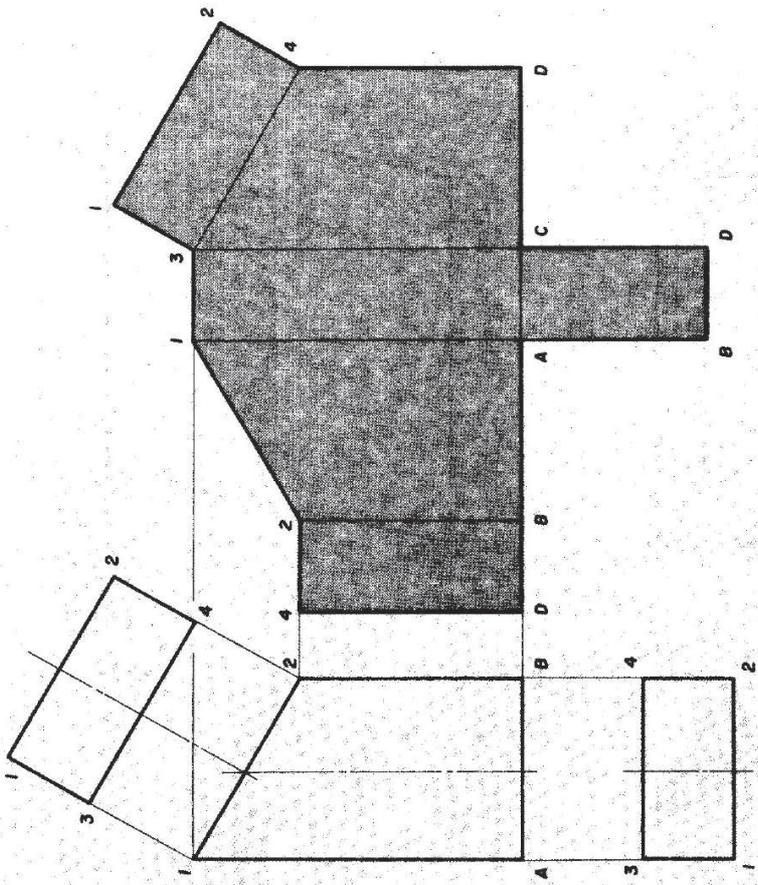
$r = fm = 3,02 \cdot 8 = 24,16$

$r' = f'm = 1,59 \cdot 8 = 12,64$

comprimento do dente $\ell = (6 - 2\theta)m = 50$



PRISMA RETO DE SECÇÃO RETANGULAR



TRONCO DE PRISMA RETO DE SECÇÃO RETANGULAR

